PR

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: PF 21020 WAX BASED PERMANENT RUSTPROOFING AERO

FORM

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier	Wyatt Machine Tools Rupes (NZ) Limited 388 Church Street, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand PH: (09) 525 1000 Email: info@wyatt.co.nz Emergency number 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1)
Product identifier	PF 21020 WAX BASED PERMANENT RUSTPROOFING AERO
Recommended use and restrictions on	Rust proofing.
USE Chamiaal family	Mindune
Chemical family	Mixture.
NFPA rating	Health: 1 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.
HMIS	
24 hour emergency number:	

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word Hazard Classification	DANGER. Flammable Aerosols — Category 1. Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied Gas. Serious Eye
	Damage/Eye Irritation — Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated
Hazard Description	Exposure — Category 1. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H320 Causes eye irritation.
	H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Prevention	P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do
	not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container,
	even after use. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product.
Response	P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337
	+ P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P314 - Get medical advice/attention
Storage	if you feel unwell. P403 Store in a well ventilated area. P410 Protect from sunlight. P412 Do not expose to
Storage	temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
Disposal	
Note	This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %	
Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	40-70	
Propane	74-98-6	7-13	
Isobutane	75-28-5	3-7	
N-Nonane	111-84-2	1-5	
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	0.5-1.5	

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<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>> .

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SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation continues.
Skin contact	Immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	In the event of accidental ingestion, rinse mouth with water; obtain medical advice immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed Additional information	Causes eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Foam, "alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical,water fog. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Other potentially toxic fumes.
Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters	Extremely flammable aerosol. Firefighters should be equipped with a breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.
Unusual fire / explosion hazards	

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for containment	
and cleaning up	

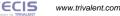
Leak/spill	Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material.
	Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition.
	Dike area to prevent spreading. Stop leak if safe to do so. Absorb with earth, sand, or
	another dry inert material. Collect and contain in suitable containers. Wash area with
	soapy water and rinse. Collect wash water for approved disposal. Spilled material and
	water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with
	current local, provincial/State, and federal regulations.
Personal precautions, protective	Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material.
equipment and emergency procedures	Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow
	air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows
	may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other
	waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling......
 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static, which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers with care. Keep container closed when not in use. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	ACGI TWA	H TLV STEL	OSHA PEL		NIOSH REL
Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic	Not established				
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm



SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	CGIH TLV STEL	OS	HA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Isobutane	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
N-Nonane	200 ppm				1050 mg/m3
Propylene carbonate	Not established		Not established		Not established
Personal Protective Equipment Respiratory/type Eye/type Gloves/ type Gloves/ type Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type Appropriate engineering controls Appropriate engineering controls Personal Protective Equipment Local exhaust ventilation when contaminant levels of the work to the chamical safety goggles. exists. Gloves/ type Vear skin protection equitithe nature of the work to the work to the safety boots per local reg Other/type Provide natural or mechane exposure limits. Local me contamination, such as op gases and furmes that many ventilation (ie. ACGIH ind		exceed the recomm Chemical safety go pment. The selection performed. e clothes. ulations. ergency shower sho e before eating, drin nical ventilation to c chanical exhaust ve pen process equipm y be emitted. Stand	ended exposure limits. ggles and full faceshield n of skin protection equ uld be in close proximity king, or using tobacco p ontrol exposure levels b intilation should be used ent, or during purging o ard reference sources re hould be consulted for g	d if a splash hazard ipment depends on v. Employees should products. elow airborne l at sources of air perations, to capture egarding industrial	

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state Colour Odour threshold (ppm) PH Melting / Freezing point (deg C) Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C). Flash point (deg C), method Evaporation rate Flammability (solids and gases) Upper flammable limit (% vol) Lower flammable limit (% vol) Vapour pressure (mm Hg) Vapour density (air=1) Relative Density (Specific Gravity) Solubility Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water Auto ignition temperature (deg C) Decomposition temperature Viscosity % Volatile by volume VOC LBS/GAL less water	Bubble gum. Not available. No data.
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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Reactivity
Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Conditions to avoid, including static
discharge, shock or vibration
Incompatible materails
Hazardous decomposition products

Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Keep away from heat. Strong oxidizers. Electrostatic charge. Strong oxidizing agents.

See hazardous combustion products section 5.

INGREDIENTSLC50LD50Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic>1,400 ppm3160 mg/kg oral ratPropane>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes ratNot availableIsobutane52 mg/L 1 hour mouseNot available

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50	
N-Nonane	3200 ppm (4 hrs)	>5000 mg/kg (oral, rat)	
Propylene carbonate	Not avaialble	>5000 mg/kg (oral, rat) >2000 mg/kg (dermal, rat)	
Route of exposure Effects of acute exposure	Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Causes eye irritation. Can cause tearing, reddening a corneal damage. Can cause moderate skin irritation. M effects such as headache, nausea, vomiting and weak	May cause central nervous system kness. Aspiration of material into the	
Effects of chronic exposure	 lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Overexposure to vapour may cause central nervous system depression. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. 		
Carcinogenicity			
Reproductive effects Specific Target Organ Toxicity	None. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repea	ated exposure .	
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JAL INFURIMATION

Environmental..... Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil. Persistence and degradability..... Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch. Dispose of as an industrial waste in a manner acceptable to good waste management practice and in accordance with applicable local, provincial/State or federal regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).
	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	UN1950 - ÁÉRÓSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.
Marine Pollutant	No.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA SARA Title III	
Section 302 - extremely hazardous	None.
Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313	Fire hazard. Immediate health, delayed health. None.
EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)	
40CFR63 California Proposition 65	This product does not contain any chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
(NZ) Statement	This substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances
(NZ) HSNO Classifications (NZ) HSNO Group Standard	

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

